

1) Irregular Affirmative “tú commands (p. 181).

Infinitive	affirmative command
Decir	
Hacer	
Ir	
Poner	
Salir	
Ser	
Tener	
Venir	

When you use a _____ with an affirmative command the pronoun _____ to the _____

Ex:

Complete act. 10, p.182

2) Negative “tú” commands (p.184).

When you tell someone what not to do, use a _____. They are formed by taking the _____ form of the present tense, _____ the _____ and adding the _____.

Infinitive	Yo form	Negative “tú” command

Example:

Complete Act. 13 p. 184

3) Irregular negative “tú” commands (p.184). Notice that _____ of the _____ forms of these verbs end in _____

Infitive (yo) form	Negative “tú” command
Dar	
Estar (estoy)	
Ir (voy)	
Ser (soy)	

Complete Act. 13 p. 184

4) Using correct pronoun placement with commands (p. 186)

When you use an object pronoun with an affirmative command, you _____ the pronoun to the _____ of the command.

Object pronouns _____ the verbs in _____, just as with other _____ verbs.

Example:

Complete act. 17 p. 186