|  |  |
| --- | --- |
| **Extending invitations** | **Extendiendo invitaciones** |
| 1. Would you like to come with me to…? |  |
| 1. I’ll treat you/I invite you |  |
| 1. Would you like…? |  |
| **Accepting** | **Aceptando** |
| 1. Of course |  |
| 1. I would like |  |
| 1. Yes, I would love to |  |
| **Decilining** | **Declinando** |
| 1. Thanks, but I can’t |  |
| 1. What a shame! |  |
| 1. Maybe another day. |  |
| **Activities** | **Actividades** |
| 1. To rent a video |  |
| 1. Concert |  |
| 1. To go to a movie theater |  |
| 1. To go shopping |  |
| 1. Movie |  |
| 1. To play sports |  |
| 1. Free time |  |
| **Expressing feelings** | **Expresando sentimientos** |
| 1. Happy |  |
| 1. Tired |  |
| 1. Content, happy, pleased |  |
| 1. Depressed |  |
| 1. Excited |  |
| 1. Sick |  |
| 1. Angry |  |
| 1. Nervous |  |
| 1. Busy |  |
| 1. Worried |  |
| 1. Calm |  |
| 1. Sad |  |
| **Talking on the phone** | **Hablando por telefono** |
| 1. To answer |  |
| 1. To leave a message |  |
| 1. Phone book |  |
| 1. Call |  |
| 1. To call |  |
| 1. Answering machine |  |
| 1. To dial |  |
| 1. Telephone |  |
| **Phrases for talking on the phone** | **Frases para hablar por telefono** |
| 1. Leave (formal/familiar) a message after the tone. |  |
| 1. Tell (formal/familiar)him/her to call me. |  |
| 1. May I speak with…? |  |
| 1. I want to leave a message for… |  |
| 1. He/She will return later. |  |
| 1. One moment |  |
| **Where you are coming from** | **De donde vienes** |
| 1. Del/de la |  |
| 1. Venir |  |
| **Saying what just happened** | **Diciendo lo que acaba de pasar** |
| 1. Acabar de… |  |
| **Other words and phrases** | **Otras palabras y frases** |
| 1. With me |  |
| 1. With you |  |
| 1. When, whenever |  |
| 1. Don’t worry! |  |
| 1. Because |  |
| 1. Alone |  |
| 1. Early |  |
| 1. No longer |  |

**Más vocabulario y cultura:**

1. Write six other ways to say “buen amigo” and the country where the word is used (p.206)

1.

2.

3.

4.

5.

6.

1. What are six ways to answer the phone? In what country do they use the phrase? (p.217)

1.

2.

3.

4.

5.

6.

1. Explain the two meanings of the ending **–ito** in words like hermanita, abuelito, librito. (p.206)